



UN starts mission in conflict Centland

Official ceremony in Lindau



Start UNIMIC

Opening ceremony in Lindau

Illegal checkpoints

UN observers in Centland do not get the free passage they ought to have.

G20 Japan UN

chief urges to create conditions for harmony between humankind and nature.

UN started a new peacekeeping operation in Centland. In agreement with the UN Security Council Resolution, military observers will ensure compliance with the cease fire agreement.

The United Nations (UN) started their military observer mission in Centland last Friday in order to improve the ongoing conflict in this region. After several appeals for peace and several deadlines, the UN decided to take action in March 2019. On 17th April 2019 a "cease fire agreement"

was signed in the Netherlands.

In accordance with this agreement, the United Nations sends civilian and military support to provide security and set up a working administration.

105 unarmed military observers are stationed on various locations in the region.

Opening ceremony

During the official opening ceremony, which took place in Lindau on Friday afternoon, the Force Commander for UNIMIC welcomed the newly arrived UN Sol-

diers and informed the locals of Centland about the objectives of the mission.

The objectives include monitoring the cease fire agreement, ensuring free

include the removal of minefields and the preparation of primary care of every citizen of Centland.



Illegal checkpoints throughout Centland

UN observers continuously stopped on their patrols



On numerous locations throughout Centland, checkpoints obstruct free passage for both UN observers and Centland citizens. Although UN personnel is supposed to have

free passage everywhere according to the agreement, UN patrols are stopped nevertheless on a daily basis. Sometimes the atmosphere is hostile.



Create conditions for ‘harmony between humankind and nature’, UN chief says on sidelines of G20 in Japan



The world needs to create conditions for “harmony between humankind and nature”, Secretary-General António Guterres said in Osaka, Japan, during a meeting on Saturday with the Foreign Ministers of China and France, on the margins of the G20 summit.

“We need to rescue the planet” he spelled out.

Mr. Guterres expressed his gratitude to both countries not only for their “climate action” but for their multilateral approach to climate change, which he said was “absolutely essential” to the success of the 2018 UN climate conference (COP24) in Katowice, Poland, last December.

However, he noted that the recently concluded UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) meeting in Bonn was not a success, saying that the realities on the ground today are “even more difficult” because of “political failing in some areas of the world”.

“We need a boost in political will” asserted the UN chief. “I very much count on the determination

of both China and France, both with the Paris Agreement, both with climate action and with multilateralism, to allow for our capacity to overcome the present difficulties”.

Looking ahead

The Secretary-General spoke about the upcoming Climate Action Summit, which he is hosting in New York this September, “to raise ambition, to make sure that we are able to commit clearly to implement the decision that was taken in Paris for \$100 billion per year” to boost the developing world’s capacity for mitigation and adaptation.

At the same time, he hopes that the resources can be used to reform and replenish the Green Climate Fund, a mechanism he described as “essential for the finance of climate action”.

We need a boost in political will -- *UN chief* Mr. Guterres informed the meeting that the UN Secretariat is “working very closely with the UNFCCC and IPCC [Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change], whose recent recent

report he called “a red alert”, but also saw as “a strong stimulus for action”.

“We do believe that it’s necessary to limit the growth of temperature at the end of the century to 1.5 degrees”, which “requires carbon neutrality midcentury...[and] an enhanced effort with the nationally determined contributions that will be reviewed in 2020” said the UN chief.

Acknowledging “the difficulties and the problems each country has”, he expressed his gratitude to both France and China for their determination, “to increase, ambition and to make sure that the political will of the international community, in a multilateral way, will match the enormous challenge that we are facing”.

“I very much count on the determination of your two countries to make sure that the Summit is a success, that the review of the nationally determined contributions will be a success, and that others that are more reluctant, that are more problematic, in the end will feel that they are involved”, concluded the Secretary-General.

48 hour weather forecast

	Sunday				Monday		
	Night	Morning	Afternoon	Evening	Night	Morning	Afternoon
Forecast							
Temperature	15 °C	16 °C	34 °C	28 °C	19 °C	24 °C	28 °C
	Clear.	Sunny.	Sunny.	Sunny.	Clear.	More sun than clouds.	More sun than clouds.
Feels Like	16 °C	16 °C	34 °C	29 °C	19 °C	25 °C	30 °C
Wind Speed	6 km/h	8 km/h	12 km/h	9 km/h	8 km/h	9 km/h	10 km/h
Wind Direction	SSE ↘	WSW ↗	W →	SSE ↘	SSE ↘	SW ↖	W →
Humidity	96%	100%	35%	50%	81%	64%	56%
Dew Point	14 °C	17 °C	16 °C	17 °C	15 °C	17 °C	19 °C
Visibility	13 km	17 km	25 km	20 km	19 km	15 km	5 km
Probability of Precipitation	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	9%	8%

Comics



Questions, suggestions, ideas?

UNIMIC Journal

PIO M. Teuling

Bregenz

Chiefmedia.unimic@gmail.com

Photo credits:

PIOs SHQs, The Standard

NEWS.UN.ORG